



3D Display Cube

James Clar New York University Interactive Telecommunications Program New York

Compared to 2D interfaces, the 3D Display Cube exhibits data spatially in a way that is closer to how we actually envision objects. Designed for a course called The

World, Pixel by Pixel, James Clar's cube is made of 1,000 LEDs soldered onto a 10-inch freestanding matrix. Each individually controlled LED acts as one pixel and can be refreshed at a rate of more than 60 frames per second, creating a low-resolution 3D television. Video and audio data enter the cube through a serial input device and are transformed into a dynamic light sculpture. "Watching that wave blasting through the three-dimensional object was absolutely wonderful. It was like one of those holographic devices you have in *Star Wars*," Chantry enthused.